**CHIP’s Uncertain Future: Key Dates Along the Way**

**2014**

- Jun. 2014—Senate bill introduced by Sen. Rockefeller
- Jul. 2014—House bill introduced by Reps. Waxman and Pallone
- Oct. 2014—Deadline for governors’ responses to House and Senate request for information about CHIP
- Nov. 2014—Midterm elections

**2015**

- Mar. 2015—Debt ceiling and SGR (“doc fix”) expiration
- Sep. 2015—Current CHIP appropriation ends
- Dec. 2015—States have likely exhausted CHIP allotments

**2016**

- Jan. 2016—23 percentage point FMAP “bump” goes into effect

**2019**

- Sep. 2019—Authorization and Maintenance of Effort (MOE) expiration

**2020**

- States are no longer bound by the MOE and can elect to restrict or eliminate eligibility for all Medicaid and CHIP enrollees above 138% FPL.

**STATE DECISION POINT**

- If federal CHIP funding ends, states operating any portion of their CHIP as a separate program are no longer bound by the MOE requirement for that part of their program and can elect to restrict or eliminate eligibility for children covered this way.

- States operating any portion of their CHIP as Medicaid expansion are bound by the MOE for children covered this way and will receive Medicaid match (not enhanced FMAP) for these services.